

Bischofia javanica

JAVANESE BISHOPWOOD

Phyllanthaceae

Common Synonyms: *Bischofia trifolia*

FLEPPC Category: 1

FDACS Listed Noxious Weed: No

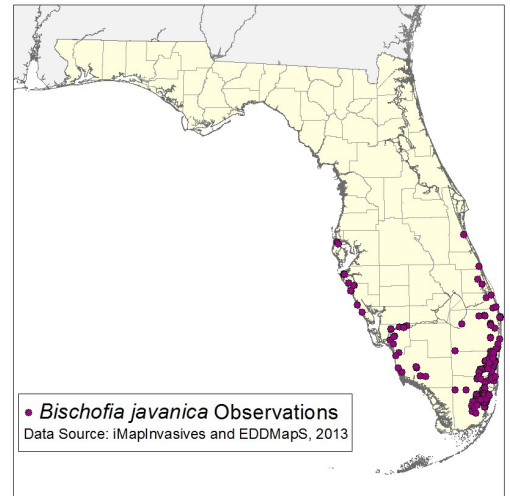
IFAS Assessment

| | |
|---------|---------|
| North | CAUTION |
| Central | CAUTION |
| South | CAUTION |

USDA Hardiness Zone: 9a - 11

Growth Habit: Tree

Origin: Tropical Asia, Pacific Islands



Forest and Kim Starr, Starr Environmental, Bugwood.org

Description: Tree to 18 m. Leaves alternate, long stalked, trifoliate, toothed margins, bronze-toned, leaflets 15-20 cm long. Flowers tiny, greenish-yellow, no petals, in clusters at leaf axils. Fruit a pea-sized berry, brown or reddish or black.

Habitat: Hammocks, disturbed sites, cypress swamps

Comments: Vouchered north to Pinellas Co, established in south. Female plants produce many bird-dispersed seeds.

Florida Introduction Date: Early 20th Century

Control Methods:

Mechanical: hand pull seedlings

Chemical: basal bark (10-20% triclopyr ester, IFAS), frill, girdle (for larger trees, 20% triclopyr ester, IFAS)

Useful Resources:

Dave's Garden. 2013. PlantFiles: Bishopwood, Javawood, Javanese bishopwood, Bischofia, Toog tree, Bischofia javanica. <http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/71266/>. Accessed on December 10, 2013.

Langeland, K.A., H.M. Cherry, C.M. McCormick, K.C. Burks. 2008. Identification and Biology of Non-Native Plants in Florida's Natural Areas-Second Edition. IFAS Publication SP 257. University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida.

Langeland, K.A., J.A. Ferrell, B. Sellers, G.E. MacDonald, and R.K. Stocker. 2011. Integrated management of non-native plants in natural areas of Florida. EDIS publication SP 242. University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida.