## Senna pendula

## **VALAMUERTO**

Fabaceae

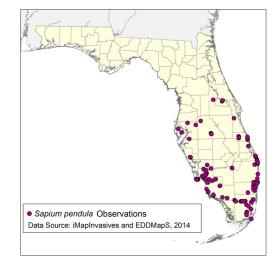
Common Synonyms: Cassia bicapsularis

FLEPPC Category: 1
FDACS Listed Noxious Weed: No

IFAS Assessment

North OK Central OK South PROHIBITED **USDA Hardiness Zone:** 8b-11

**Growth Habit:** Shrub **Origin:** South America





Senna pendula var. ambigua, by Mauricio Mercadante https://www.flickr.com/photos/mercadanteweb/9229255035/ Used under Creative Commons 2.0 license

**Description:** Sprawling evergreen shrub to 4 m tall and wide, with somewhat zigzag, sparsely hairy stems. Leaves alternate, stalked, even-pinnately compound. Leaflets in 3 –6 pairs, oblong with rounded tips, terminal largest, to 4 cm long. Petioles with gland above, between lowermost leaflets and occasionally between others. Flowers yellow, 3–4 cm across, in 3- to 12-flowered showy racemes near stem tips. Stamen filaments prominent, curved. Fruit a brown slender, cylindric, glabrous pod 7–12 cm long.

**Habitat:** hardwood hammock, basin swamp, coastal strands and canal banks

**Comments:** Plants will come back if tops killed by freezing. Showy flowers produced in late fall to early winter.

Florida Introduction Date: 1930s

**Control Methods:** 

Mechanical: Isolated plants can be dug out and roots removed.

Chemical: Basal bark (Fluroxypyr 200 g/L) or cut stump (glyphosate 360 g/L)

## **Useful Resources:**

Dave's Garden. 2014. PlantFiles: Valamuerto, Senna pendula. http://davesgarden.com/guides/pf/go/142451/. Accessed on June 20, 2014.

Langeland, K.A., H.M. Cherry, C.M. McCormick, K.C. Burks. 2008. Identification and Biology of Non-Native Plants in Florida's Natural Areas-Second Edition. IFAS Publication SP 257. University of Florida, Gainesville, Florida.

Queensland Government. 2013. Weeds of Australia: Fact Sheet - Easter cassia (Senna pendula var. glabrata). http://www.daff.qld.gov.au/\_\_data/assets/pdf\_file/0004/66712/IPA-Easter-Cassia-PP79.pdf. Accessed on June 26, 2014.